WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

Qui X.

13' consisting of:

A process for the synthesis of polymers selected from the group

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$$\left(z-\frac{s}{c}-s-q\right)_{q}$$

Formula A

and

$$z + \left(\begin{pmatrix} s \\ -s + Q \end{pmatrix}_q R \right)_n$$

Formula B

comprising contacting:

- 10 (i) a monomer having repeating units, Q, selected from the group consisting of vinyl monomers of structure CH₂=CUV, maleic anhydride, N-alkylmaleimide, N-arylmaleimide, dialkyl fumarate and cyclopolymerizable monomers;
 - (ii) a thiocarbonylthio compound selected from:

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} z - c \\ z - c \\ \end{array}\right)_{p} = R$$

Formula C

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and

$$z \leftarrow \begin{pmatrix} s \\ || \\ c - s - R \end{pmatrix}$$

Formula D

having a chain transfer constant greater than about 0.1; and

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(iii) free radicals produced from a free radical source; and controlling the polydispersity of the polymer being formed by varying the ratio of the number of molecules of (ii) to the number of molecules of (iii);

the polymer of Formula A being made by contacting (i), (ii)C and (iii) and the polymer of Formula B being made by contacting (i), (ii) D and (iii);

5 wherein:

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Z is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, chlorine, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heterocyclyl, optionally substituted alkylthio, optionally substituted alkoxycarbonyl, optionally substituted aryloxycarbonyl (-COOR"), carboxy (-COOH), optionally substituted acyloxy (-O2CR"), optionally substituted carbamoyl (-CONR"2), cyano (-CN), dialkyl- or diaryl- phosphonato [-P(=O)OR"2], dialkyl- or diaryl-phosphinato [-P(=O)R"2], and a polymer chain formed by any mechanism;

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Z' is a m-valent moiety derived from a member of the group consisting of optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted aryl and a polymer chain; where the connecting moieties are selected from the group that consists of aliphatic carbon, aromatic carbon, and sulfur;

Q is selected from the group consisting of

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} U \\ C \\ V \end{array}\right)$$
 CH_2

repeating units from maleic anhydride, N-alkylmaleimide, N-arylmaleimide, dialkyl fumarate and cyclopolymerizable monomers;

U is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, optionally substituted C₁-C₄ alkyl wherein the substituents are independently selected from the group that consists of hydroxy, alkoxy, aryloxy (OR"), carboxy, acyloxy, aroyloxy (O₂CR"), alkoxy- carbonyl and aryloxy-carbonyl (CO₂R");

V is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, R", CO₂H, CO₂R", COR", CN, CONH₂, CONHR", CONR"₂, O₂CR", OR" and halogen;

R is selected from group consisting of optionally substituted alkyl; an optionally substituted saturated, unsaturated or aromatic carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring; optionally substituted alkylthio; optionally substituted alkoxy; optionally substituted dialkylamino; an organometallic species; and a polymer chain prepared by any polymerization mechanism; in compounds C and D, R• is a free-radical leaving group that initiates free radical polymerization;

R" is selected from the group consisting of optionally substituted C₁-C₁₈ alkyl, C₂-C₁₈ alkenyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, alkaryl wherein the substituents are independently selected from the group that consists of epoxy, hydroxy, alkoxy, acyl, acyloxy, carboxy (and salts), sulfonic acid (and salts), alkoxy- or aryloxy-carbonyl, isocyanato, cyano, silyl, halo, and dialkylamino;

q is 1 or an integer greater than 1;

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p is 1 or an integer greater than 1; when p≥2 then R=R';

m is an integer ≥2; and

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R' is a p-valent moiety selected from a member of the group consisting of optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted aryl and a polymer chain; where the connecting moieties are selected from the group consisting of aliphatic carbon, aromatic carbon, silicon, and sulfur; in compounds C and D, R'• is a free radical leaving group that initiates free radical polymerization.



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- 2. A process according to Claim 1 comprising controlling polydispersity by varying the ratio of the number of molecules of (ii) to (iii) as follows:
 - (a) lower polydispersity by increasing the ratio of (ii) to (iii); and
 - (b) increase polydispersity by decreasing the ratio of (ii) to (iii).
- 3. A process according to Claim 2 comprising increasing the ratio of (ii) to (iii) and obtaining a polymer having a polydispersity below about 1.5.
- 4. A process according to Claim 1 comprising selecting the following monomer repeating unit:

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} U \\ C \\ V \end{array}\right)$$
 CH_2

from (i).

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- 5. A process according to Claim 1 comprising selecting the monomer units Q and the value of q so that when $q \ge 1$ and Q is a single monomer species, then the polymer is homopolymer; when $q \ge 2$ and Q is selected from 2 or more different monomer species in irregular sequence then the polymer is copolymer; and when $q \ge 2$ and Q is selected from 2 or more different monomer species in which each different monomer or group of monomers appears in a discrete sequence then the polymer is block copolymer.
- 6. A process according to Claim 1 wherein the thiocarbonylthio compound is selected from the group consisting of:

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wherein Z is phenyl.

A chain transfer agent selected from the group consisting of:

$$\left(z - c + s + Q\right)_{q}^{s}$$

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$$z \leftarrow \begin{pmatrix} s \\ C - s + Q \end{pmatrix}_{q} R \end{pmatrix}_{m}$$

Formula B

Formula A

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wherein:

Z is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, chlorine, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heterocyclyl, optionally substituted alkylthio, optionally substituted alkoxycarbonyl or optionally substituted aryloxycarbonyl (-COOR"), carboxy (-COOH), optionally substituted acyloxy (-O2CR"), optionally substituted carbamoyl (-CONR"2), cyano (-CN), dialkyl- or diaryl- phosphonato [-P(=O)OR"2], dialkyl- or diaryl-phosphinato [-P(=O)R"2], and a polymer chain formed by any mechanism;

Z' is a m-valent moiety derived from a member of the group consisting of optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted aryl and a polymer chain; where the connecting moieties are selected from the group that consistes of aliphatic carbon, aromatic carbon, and sulfur;

Q is selected from the group consisting of

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} U \\ C \\ V \end{array}\right)$$
 CH_2

and

repeating units from maleic anhydride, N-alkylmaleimide, N-arylmaleimide, dialkyl fumarate and cyclopolymerizable monomers;

U is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, optionally substituted C₁-C₄ alkyl, wherein the substituents are independently selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, alkoxy, aryloxy (OR"), carboxy, acyloxy, aroyloxy (O₂CR"), alkoxy-carbonyl and aryloxy-carbonyl (CO₂R");

V is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, R", CO₂H, CO₂R", COR", CN, CONH₂, CONHR, CONR"₂, O₂CR", OR" and halogen;

R is selected from the group consisting of optionally substituted alkyl; an optionally substituted saturated, unsaturated or aromatic carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring; optionally substituted alkylthio; optionally substituted alkoxy; optionally substituted dialkylamino; an organometallic species; and a polymer chain prepared by any polymerization mechanism; R• being derived from a free radical leaving group that initiates free radical polymerization;

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R" is selected from the group consisting of optionally substituted C₁-C₁₈ alkyl, C₂-C₁₈ alkenyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, alkaryl wherein the substituents are independently selected from the group that consists of epoxy, hydroxy, alkoxy, acyl, acyloxy, carboxy (and salts), sulfonic acid (and salts), alkoxy- or aryloxy-carbonyl, isocyanato, cyano, silyl, halo, and dialkylamino;

q is 1 or an integer greater than 1;

p is 1 or an integer greater than 1; when $p \ge 2$, then R=R';

m is an integer ≥2; and

R' is a p-valent moiety derived from a member of the group consisting of optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted aryl and a polymer chain; where the connecting moieties are selected from the group consisting of aliphatic carbon, aromatic carbon, silicon, and sulfur; R'• being derived from a free radical leaving group that initiates free radical polymerization.

- 9. A polymer according to Claim 8 selected from the group consisting of random, block, graft, star and gradient copolymer.
- 10. A polymer according to Claim 9 having end group functionality.

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